



## Important Information

### Parents /Teacher Interviews

Monday 31st March – 3.30pm till 6.00pm

Wednesday 2nd April -2.30pm till 4.30pm

**All children** are to be collected from school at 2.00pm on Wednesday 2nd April because of the parent/Teacher Interviews taking place.

School Photographs take place on Wednesday 26th March.

It has been noticed that a number of children are arriving early in a morning.

Our school doors do not open till **8.45am** so please make sure your child is supervised at all times before this time.

Children should not be playing on the adventure play area or playgrounds before or after school.

### Family Learning

Family Learning sessions are taking place until Easter; if you are interested in taking part in the next course please contact Mrs Billingham

### Birthday Celebrations

Ryan Allen

Marley Wyatt

Maddison Bodura



## Weekly Awards



**Golden Book** from W/B 17.02.14 to W/B 17.03.14

3/4G Megan Bunce, Leon Harding, Lexi Small, Fin Morris

3/4H Rebecca M-Phillips, Connor Mosedale, Kyle Faulks, Joel Harding

3/4R Tristen Rhoades, Macaury Bagnall, Niall Allen, Charley Rutherford

3/4S Oskar Pryc, Eleanor T-Cowley, Jamison Young, Liam Francis

5D Lewis Parry, Bobby Rowland, Aaliyah Young, Bethany Thompson

5R Josh Beamond, Chloe Symms, Alex Connor, Alfie Fox

6F Alfie Lloyd, Destiny James, Lara Hart, Hermione Wharton

### Whole School Attendance

W/B 24/02/14 –94.68%

W/B 03/03/14 –95.38% **3/4R =100%**

W/B 10/03/14 –94.35%

W/B 17/03/14 –92.41%

Our whole school attendance target is to be above 96%. Please ensure your child attends school regularly and on time. If your child is ill we may ask for medical proof.

**Reminder**—A number of children are coming to school without **black** school shoes or the correct uniform and as part of the home/school agreement you have signed to say your child will wear the uniform.



## Information About Headlice

Head lice are tiny insects that live in human hair. They're very small (about the size of a sesame seed) and are brownish-grey in colour. Having head lice does not mean someone is dirty. Children are most commonly affected, but anyone with hair can catch them.

Head lice have six legs, each with a claw on the end. They use these to cling on to hair, and they survive by biting the scalp and feeding on blood. This often causes itching, but not always. The female head lice lay eggs in sacs which stick to individual hairs. A baby head louse then hatches seven to ten days later.

If your child has head lice, you might be able to spot the remains of the tiny white egg in their hair. This is called a 'nit'. Some people also use the word 'nit' to mean 'head louse'. Ten to fourteen days later, the baby head louse is ready to have babies of its own.

Head lice crawl from head to head when you're close to someone who has them. Children are particularly at risk, because they're often in close contact with other children at school. However, head lice can't fly or jump, and it's very rare to get head lice from a pillow or a towel as they can't survive away from a human head for very long.

Head lice can be difficult to detect, even when you closely inspect your child's head. If you think your child may have head lice:

- Check your child's hair. The most common places for head lice to lurk are in the hair behind the ears and at the nape of the neck.
- If you still can't spot any lice, comb the child's hair with a special 'nit comb'. These are available from most chemists. It's easier to spot head lice as they fall out if you comb the hair over a piece of white paper.

**You should only treat your child if you find live head lice, which confirms a live infestation. Don't treat 'just in case'. Head lice are tough. They can't be killed by washing with normal shampoo or normal combing. Because they reproduce so quickly, you've got to kill them before they spread. If your child has head lice, check everyone in the family. You'll need to treat everyone affected to get rid of them.**

You can treat head lice by wet-combing hair with a special head lice comb. The use of conditioner with wet combing can help immobilize the louse and make it easier to catch. The comb should be wiped clean each time, so as to avoid placing the head louse back into the hair. Conditioner can be washed once combing is complete. Where live lice infestation is evident, these can be treated by the use of medicated lotions or sprays available over the counter at pharmacies.

